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## Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study
$T=90 \mathrm{~K}$
Mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$
$R$ factor $=0.034$
$w R$ factor $=0.077$
Data-to-parameter ratio $=10.1$

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.
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## (Z)-2-(4-Methoxybenzylidene)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]-octan-3-one

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$, was prepared by the basecatalyzed reaction of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde with 1-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one. The configuration about the olefinic bond connecting the methoxyphenyl and 1-aza-bicylo[2.2.2]octan-3-one moieties is $Z$.

## Comment

The title compound, (I), was prepared by the base-catalyzed condensation of 4-methoxybenzaldehyde with 1-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one, to afford (I) as a single geometrical isomer. In order to confirm the double-bond geometry, and to determine how the molecular conformation in the crystal structure is affected by the position of the para-methoxy group, the X-ray analysis of this positional isomer has been carried out and the results are presented here. This is a companion study together with the previous communication on the isomeric 2-methoxy analogue (Sonar et al., 2006).

(I)

Fig. 1 illustrates an ellipsoid plot of (I), with the atomnumbering scheme; selected geometric parameters are listed in Table 1. The configuration about the olefinic bond connecting the 4 -methoxyphenyl and 1-azabicylo[2.2.2]octan-3-one moieties is $Z$. The double bond has a nearly planar atomic arrangement, since the r.m.s. deviation from the mean plane passing through atoms $\mathrm{N} 1, \mathrm{C} 8, \mathrm{C} 9, \mathrm{C} 7$ and C 1 for (I) is 0.0197 (11) Å.

There are no significant differences in the geometric parameters of ( $Z$ )-2-(2-methoxy-benzylidene)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]-octan-3-one and ( $Z$ )-2-(4-methoxy-benzylidene)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one. This suggests that the position of the methoxy group does not have much influence on the overall molecular conformation in the 2 - and 4 -positional isomers.

## Experimental

Compound (I) was prepared following the method described previously for the 2 -methoxy analogue (Sonar et al., 2006), but utilizing 4-methoxybenzaldehyde in place of 2-methoxy-

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Figure 1
A view of the molecule of (I), with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.
benzaldehyde. Spectroscopic analysis: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta\right.$, p.p.m.): 1.99-2.04 (td, 4H), 2.59-2.62 ( $p, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 2.93-3.03 ( $m, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.09-3.19 ( $m$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 3.83(s, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.89(d d, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.98(s, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.02(d d, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta\right.$, p.p.m.): $26.4,40.6,47.8,55.5,114.1,125.1,127.0,134.1$, 143.0, 160.8, 206.4.

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{NO}_{2}$
$M_{r}=243.30$
Orthorhombic, $P 2_{1} 2_{1} 2_{1}$
$a=5.8425(2) \AA$
$b=9.9252(3) \AA$
$c=21.3739(7) \AA$
$V=1239.43(7) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$D_{x}=1.304 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$

> Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
> Cell parameters from 1641 $\quad$ reflections
> $\theta=1.0-27.5^{\circ}$
> $\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
> $T=90.0(2) \mathrm{K}$
> Block, colourless
> $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.15 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD area-detector
diffractometer
$\omega$ scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SCALEPACK; Otwinowski \&
Minor, 1997)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.975, T_{\text {max }}=0.987$
10079 measured reflections

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.034$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.077$
$S=1.04$
1664 reflections
165 parameters
H -atom parameters constrained
1664 independent reflections
1323 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.031$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=27.5^{\circ}$
$h=-7 \rightarrow 7$
$k=-12 \rightarrow 12$
$l=-27 \rightarrow 27$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.0341 P)^{2}\right. \\
\quad \\
\quad+0.1346 P] \\
\quad \text { where } P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3 \\
(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.001 \\
\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.20 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3} \\
\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.18 \mathrm{e}^{-3} \\
\text { Extinction correction: SHELXL97 } \\
\quad \text { (Sheldrick, 1997) } \\
\text { Extinction coefficient: } 0.013
\end{array}{ }^{(2)}
\end{aligned}
$$

Table 1
Selected geometric parameters ( $\left({ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}\right.$ ).

| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.463(2)$ | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 15$ | $1.429(2)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.447(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.336(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $1.227(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $1.485(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.369(2)$ | $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 10$ | $1.508(3)$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $123.56(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $121.39(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $118.35(17)$ | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $113.57(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 15$ | $117.91(16)$ | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $124.48(17)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $130.35(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 10$ | $110.75(15)$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 15-\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-5.4(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $160.91(19)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $-21.9(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $0.0(3)$ |

In the absence of significant anomalous dispersion effects, Friedel pairs were averaged. H atoms were positioned geometrically and treated as riding, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ distances in the range $0.95-0.99 \AA$ and with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2-1.5 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$.

Data collection: COLLECT (Nonius, 1999); cell refinement: SCALEPACK (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997); data reduction: DENZO-SMN (Otwinowski \& Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: XP in SHELXTL/PC (Sheldrick, 1995); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELX97-2 (Sheldrick, 1997) and local procedures.

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